

Role of AnkyrinG in linking the spectrin-based membrane skeleton to integral membrane proteins the Na⁺/Ca⁺⁺ exchanger, the Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase, and voltage-gated sodium channels and its contribution to epilepsy

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Abstract- There are specific alterations in the structure or function of ion channels in the epileptic brain. Few of the alterations may trigger hyperexcitability and the others prevent nerve cells from being damaged due to epileptic discharges. Ion channels assist in regulation of the excitation in the CNS. Mutation in ion channel genes contributes to epileptic seizures. AnkyrinG, a family of adaptor proteins helps in association of integral membrane proteins to the spectrin-actin based membrane skeleton. Abscence of AnkyrinG expression may lead to impaired ability in generating action potential. Sodium ion channel requires AnkyrinG for its proper localization. In absence of AnkyrinG clustering of voltage gated sodium channel is affected which is required for generating action potential.

INTRODUCTION

Ankyrin are a family of adaptor proteins that helps in the association of integral membrane proteins to the spectrin based skeleton. Ankyrin have binding sites for the beta subunit of spectrin and for about 12 families of integral membrane proteins. This association is needed to maintain the integrity of plasma membrane to stem many ion channels and ion transporters in the palsmamembrane. Ankyrins are encoded by three genes ANK1, ANK2 and ANK3. The products of ANK1, ANK2 and ANK3 are ankyrinR, ankyrinB and ankyrinG proteins respectively. Out of the above three proteins encoded by ankyrin genes, ankyrinB and ankyrinG have been recognized in neurons. AnkyrinB and AnkyrinG proteins are required for chaged distribution of several membrane proteins like Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase and voltage gated sodium channel. AnkyrinG has been found involved in the bipolar disorder. Ankyrin brings about intracellular trafficking of alpha1-Na⁺-K⁺-ATPase in polarized cells. Alteration in ankyrin contributed to many hereditary disorders which is due to improper localization of membrane proteins. Ankyrin dependent pathway for transport of Na⁺-K⁺ -ATPase is facilitated by assembly of ion channels in presence of Ankyrin. Ankyrin consists of 3 major domains: a membrane binding domain with a like folding structure and 24 cosecutive repeats called MB domain, a spectrin-binding domain and a death domain called DC domain. Interaction with ankyrinG is vital for the localization of voltage gated sodium channels to at the axon initial and for neurons to trigger action potentials. The conserv ed 9-aminoacid motif is required for ankyrinG binding and to channelize sodium ion channel to various excitable membrane domain. This motif has been also confirmed in ion channel proteins KCNQ2 and KCNQ3.

METHODOLOGY

The amino acid sequence for AnkyrinG is retrieved from SWISS-PROT database. The retrieved amino acid was subjected for domain prediction. Interproscan tool was used for domain prediction. All the three different domains were displayed by Interproscan. We downloaded PDB file of ankyrin to predict the active site .1UOH file was downloaded in PDB format. Active site of Ankyrin was predicted using Active site prediction server software. We retrived the amino acid sequence for KCNQ2 and KCNQ3 Nav from SWISS-PROT database. Using Activesite prediction tool we predicted the cavities of Ankyrin which will bind to ligand molecule. We predicted domain of KCNQ2 and KCNQ3 using nine amino acids transactivation domain prediction tool.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

We studied the cavities of Ankyrin protein which binds to Sodium and Potassium ion channel proteins to localize ion-channels in proper direction so as to trigger action potential.

Cavities	
cavity_1_NQCVKYASHWDGLPTR	cavity_2_YISQVDNAEGTKPLH
cavity_3_ENDYHLGARQKCSW	cavity_4_DKANHPVCTGYQELM
cavity_5_QGEANMLVPKDRITFH	cavity_6_VQNCKAHWDGSPTLR
cavity_7_WAKSDLPRIGVCYETH	cavity_8_TQSCLKAVERYGHIN
cavity_9_KPLYNTAGVHIEQMDR	cavity_10_YETILSQVRNMAGPDKH
cavity_11_KEQGTNDIYHPLARCS	cavity_12_GMASLDKRYEIVTHF
cavity_13_VNCTKAGHQLDMPREI	cavity_14_ALYWGKESVMHNPRIDT
cavity_15_DTQIEYKSHANGRPVLC	cavity_16_SNAIVGTMQPDKLEYH
cavity_17_EKGQNVDTAIYPLR	cavity_18_VPALKGTSQEFIG
cavity_19_QDNIESKTHPLYAGRVC	cavity_20_NDPSTVHKLARGCQFEI
cavity_21_KGALSNYVHERIMD	cavity_22_KELVARGHN
cavity_23_ISKTDANLHPVYQGEM	cavity_24_RNCLATSVYMDIFGKE
cavity_25_DKSNQPTHVLRGCA	cavity_26_SWRYVCGAHTNIMKLE
cavity_27_YLGEVKRISMAQH	cavity_28_AVLTEQFHISGK
cavity_29_EQKYTLINGVAD	cavity_30_DRQWSTNLVCYAMHK
cavity_31_EQKYTNILSVGA	cavity_32_EYTNKISQGDP
cavity_33_LGAIKEVR	

Fig1: Active Cavities for Ankyrin Protein

**Nine Amino Acids Transactivation Domain
(9aa TAD) Prediction Tool**
Created by Martin Grabner

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ANALYSED SEQUENCE:

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NAFYRKLQNLQFLYVNLVERPRGWAFIYHAYVFLLVFSCVLVSFSTIKEYSSEGALYILEIVTIVFGVE 140
YFVRIWAAGCCCRYRGWRGRLKFAKPKFCVIDIMVLIASIAVLAAGSQGNVFATSALRSRFLQILRMIR 210
MDRRGGTWKLLGSVVYAHSKELVTAWYIGFLCLILASFLVYLAEGENDHFDTYADALWWGLITLTTIGY 280
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P YDVMMDVIEQ YSAGHLDMLSRIKSLQSRVDQIVGRGPAITDKDRTKGPAEAEALPEDPSMMGRLGKVEKQV 630
LSMEKKLDFLVNIYMQRMGIPPTETEAYFGAKEPEPAPPYHSPEDSREHVDRHGCIVKIVRSSSSTGQKN 700
FSAPPAPPVQCPPSTSWPQPQSHPRQGHGTSPVGDHGSLSVRIPPPAAHERSLSAYGGGNRASMEFLRQED 770
TPGCRPPEGNLRDSDTSISIPSVDHEELERSFGFSISQSKENLDALNSCYAAVAPCAKVRPYIAEGESD 840
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PERFECT MATCH **POOR MATCH**

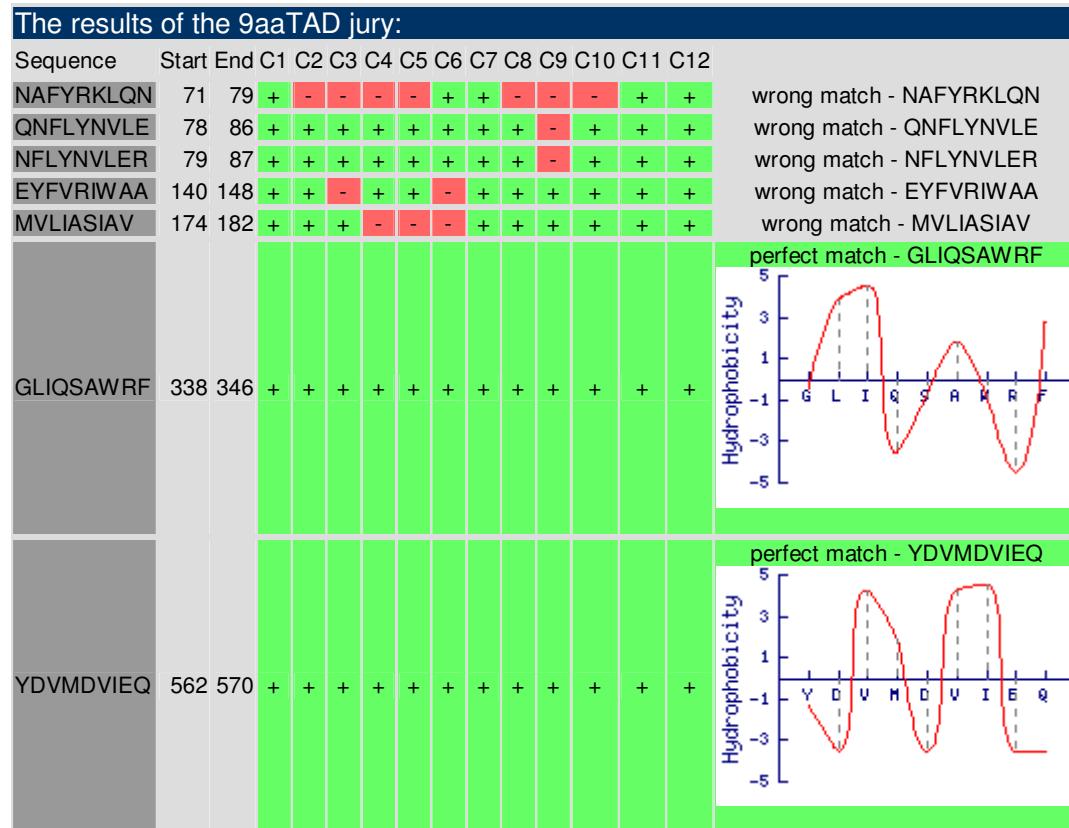


Fig: 2 Domain prediction of HUMAN_ KCNQ2

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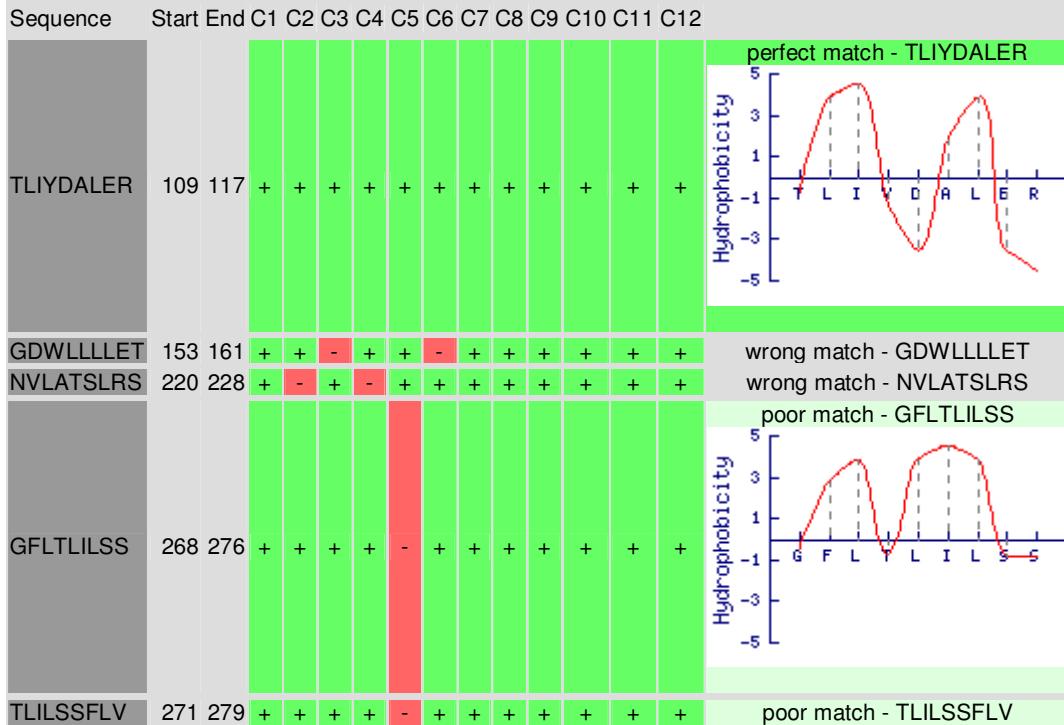
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 VLTTFKEYETVSGDWLLLLETFAIFIFGAEFALRIWAAGCCCRYKGWRGRLKFKPLCMLDIFVLIASV 210
 PVAVGNQGNVLATSLRSLRFLQILRMLMRDRGGTWKLGSIAHSKELITAWY **GFLTLISSL**FLVY 280
 LVEKDVEPEVDAQGEEMKEEFETYADALWWGLITLATIGYGDKTPKTWEGRLLIAATFSLIGVSFFALPAGI 350
 LGSGLALKVQEQRQKHFEKRRKPA **E**LIQAAWRY YATNPNRIDLVATWRFYESVVSFPFFRKEQLEAAS 420
 SQKLGLLDRVRLSNPRGSNTKGKLFPLNVDIAEESPSKEPKPVGLNNKERFRFTAFRMKAYAFWQSSEDA 490
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PERFECT MATCH

POOR MATCH

The results of the 9aaTAD jury:



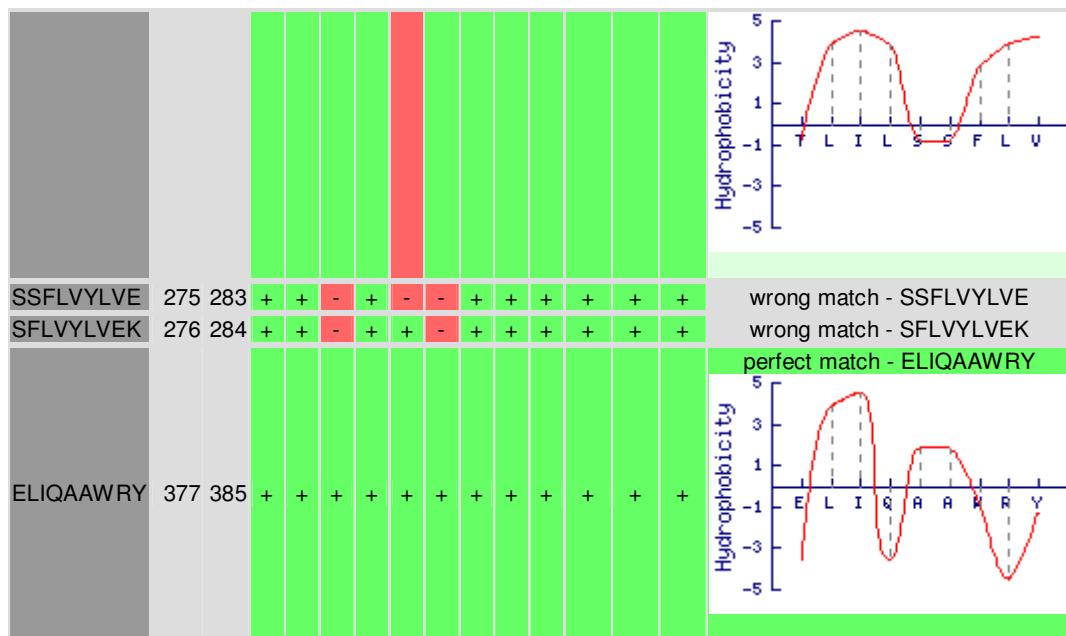


Fig: 3 Domain prediction of HUMAN_KCNQ3

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ANALYSED SEQUENCE:

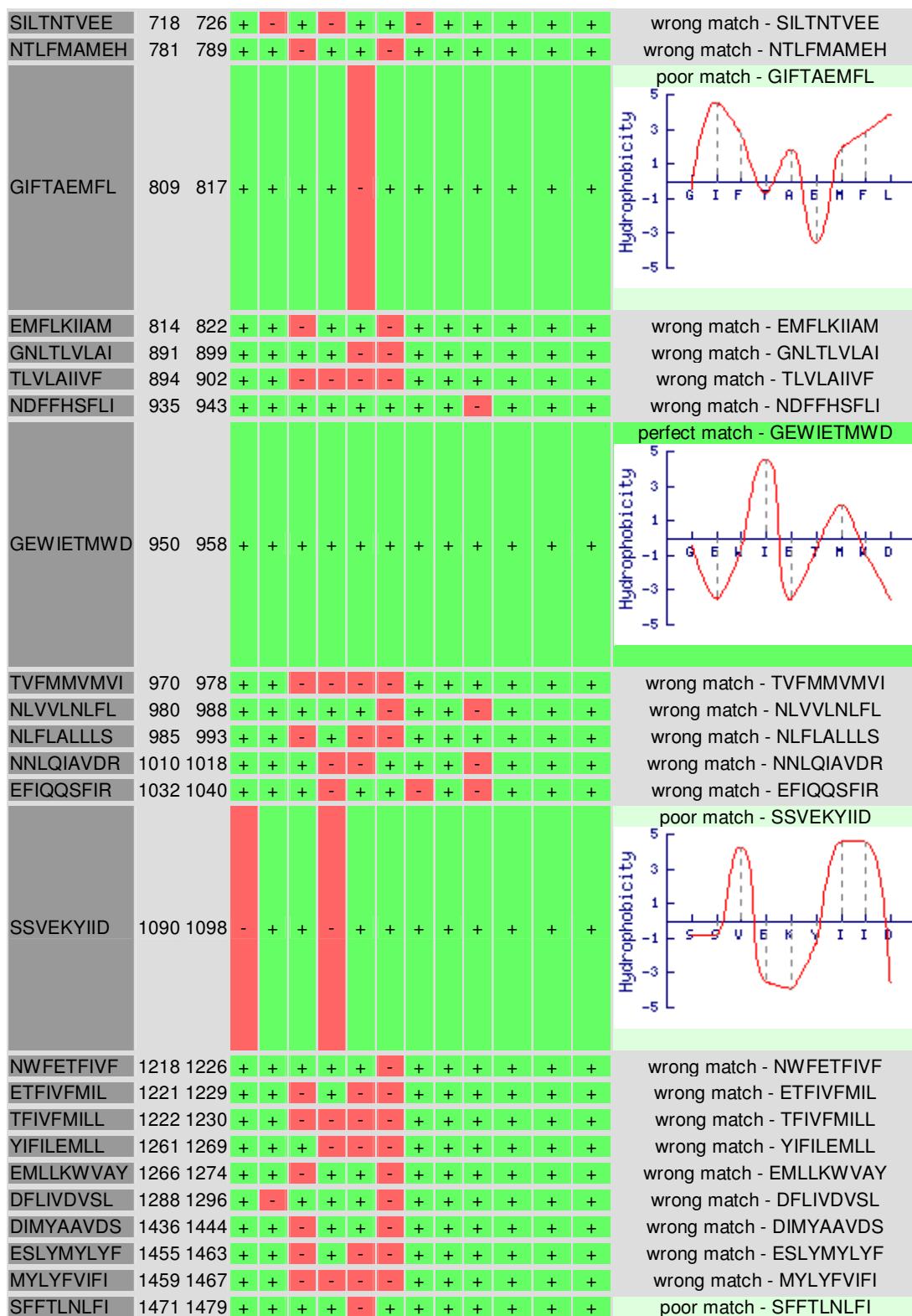
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NVSALRTFRVLRAKLTISVIPGLKTIVGALIQSVKKLSDVMILTVFCLSVFALIGLQLFMGNLRNKCIQW 280
PPTNASLEEHSIEKNITVNYNGTLINETVFEDWKSYIQDSRYHYFLEGFLDALLCGNSSDAGQCPEGYM 350
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VVAMAYEEQNQATLEEAQKEAEFQQMIEQLKKQQEAAQQAATASEHSREPSAAGRLSDSSSEASKLS 490
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GSLFSPRRNSRTSLFGRRAKDVGESENDFADDEHSTFEDNESRDRDSLFPVPRRHGERRNSNLSQTSRSSR 630
MLAVFPANGKMHSTVDCNGVVSVGGPSVPTSPVGQLLPEVIIDKPATDDNGTTTEMRKRRSSSFHVS 700
MDFLEDPSQRQRA**MSIASILTN**TVEELEESRQKCPCWYKFNSIWIWDCSPYWLKVKHVNVLVMDPFV 770
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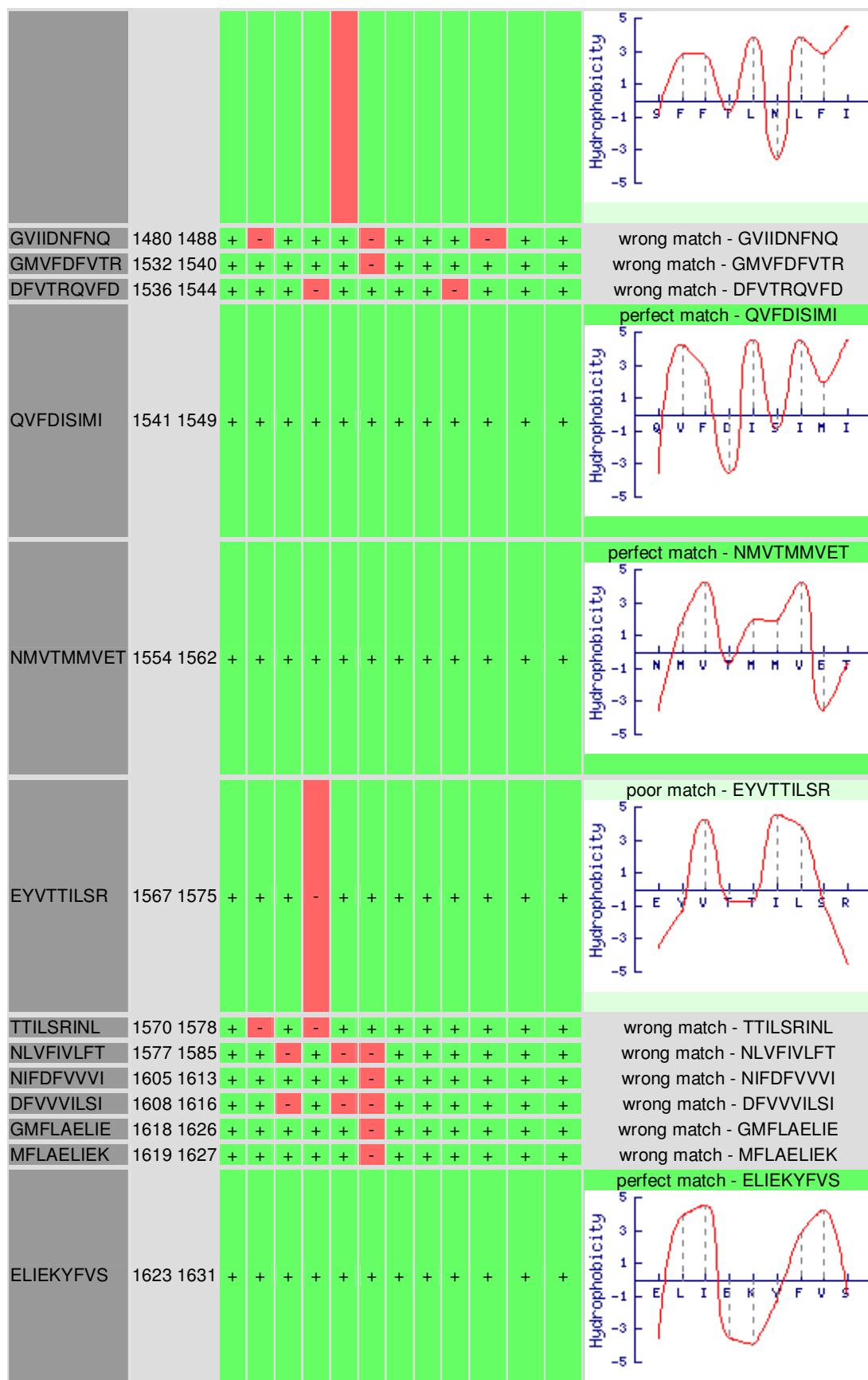
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 IDRINENSITEKTDLTMSTAACPPSYDRVTKPIVEKHEQEGKDEKAKGK 2009

PERFECT MATCH **POOR MATCH**

The results of the 9aaTAD jury:

Sequence	Start	End	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	C9	C10	C11	C12	
YTFESLIKI	165	173	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	poor match - YTFESLIKI
ESLIKIIAR	168	176	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	wrong match - ESLIKIIAR
NWLDFTVIT	191	199	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	perfect match - NWLDFTVIT
GALIQSVKK	238	246	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	wrong match - GALIQSVKK
TLINETVFE	303	311	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - TLINETVFE
TVFEFDWK	308	316	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - TVFEFDWK
DTFSWAFLS	366	374	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - DTFSWAFLS
QDFWENLYQ	381	389	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	wrong match - QDFWENLYQ
TYMIFFVLV	398	406	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - TYMIFFVLV
YMIFFVLVI	399	407	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - YMIFFVLVI
MIFFVLVIF	400	408	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - MIFFVLVIF
YLINLILAV	413	421	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - YLINLILAV
NLILAVVAM	416	424	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	wrong match - NLILAVVAM
QQMIEQLKK	445	453	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	wrong match - QQMIEQLKK
MSIASILTN	714	722	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	poor match - MSIASILTN





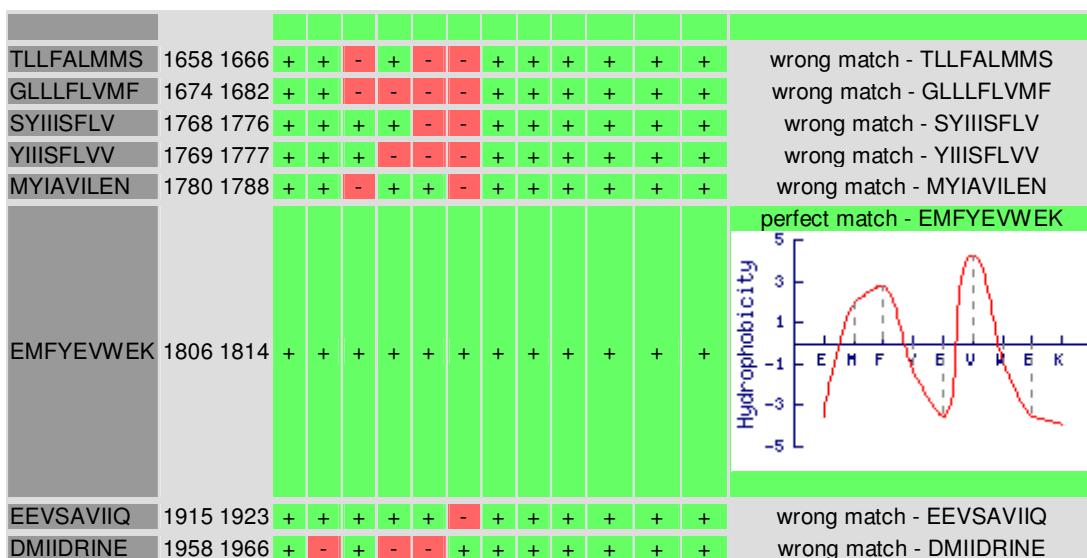


Fig4: Domain prediction of HUMAN_SCN1A

CONCLUSION

Ankyrin plays a very important role in association of ion channels –both sodium and potassium ion channel which is essential in generating action potential. If there is any alteration in AnkyrinG it is going to affect the movement of ions across ion channels and may be a leading cause of impairment in functioning of Central nervous system.

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